2010 DRAFT Scallop Research Set-Aside Program Needs and Priorities:

Text underlined are changes the PDT recommended from previous research priorities.

The Scallop Committee reviewed these priorities on April 2, 2009 and approved the PDT recommendations. In addition, the Committee passed a motion to elevate the priority about evaluating methods to reduce bycatch as one of the highest priorities, and elevate research related to sea turtle interactions to medium priority, above the other remaining priorities *(Committee suggestions are noted in italics).*

The Scallop Committee also wanted to have the Scallop Survey Advisory Panel (SSAP) review and recommend language for the last bullet related to scallop survey research. The SSAP met on April 6 and recommends removing the last bullet and replacing it with the text in the box at the end of this document in CAPS.

If the Council approves these research recommendations they will be published as is in the June Omnibus Federal Funding Opportunity (FFO) federal register notice.

HIGHEST PRIORITIES (not listed in order of importance):

- An intensive industry-based survey of each of the access areas (access areas in Georges Bank including Closed Area I, Closed Area II, and Nantucket Lightship, as well as Elephant Trunk, Delmarva, and Hudson Canyon). These surveys can then be used to estimate total allowable catches (TACs) under the rotational area management program if the data from these surveys are available by <u>August 2010</u>.
- Identification and evaluation of methods to reduce bycatch of all managed species (i.e., gear research). (*This priority was elevated by the Scallop Committee 4/2/09*)

MEDIUM PRIORITY:

• Identification of sources of sea turtle interactions and/or identification of ways to minimize interactions with sea turtles. Two priority topics identified include evaluation and analysis of factors affecting bycatch rates of sea turtles and development of scallop dredge and trawl operations that would reduce or eliminate the threat or harm of sea turtle interactions. Other issues related to sea turtle research include, but are not limited to: gear modifications or fishing techniques that may be used to reduce or eliminate the threat of sea turtle interactions without unacceptable reduction in scallop retention, <u>using available and appropriate technology to quantify the extent that chain mats reduce turtle mortalities</u>, comparison and analysis of turtle capture rates of similar gear in other fisheries, and turtle behavior.

(This priority was elevated by the Scallop Committee 4/2/09)

OTHER PRIORITIES (not listed in order of importance):

- Other surveys, including areas not surveyed by the annual NMFS survey (i.e., federal waters in the Northern Gulf of Maine management area and Southern New England).
- Scallop biology, including studies aimed at understanding recruitment processes (reproduction, larval and early post-settlement stages), growth, natural mortality (including predation and disease), incidental gear mortality, and discard mortality.

- Identification and evaluation of methods to reduce habitat impacts, including, but not limited to: broader investigation of variability in dredging efficiency across habitats, times, areas, and gear designs; and research on habitat effects from scallop fishing and development of practicable methods to minimize or mitigate those impacts.
- Habitat characterization research including, but not limited to: video and/or photo transects of the bottom within scallop access areas and within closed scallop areas and in comparable fished areas that are both subject and not subject to scallop fishing before and after scallop fishing commences; development of high resolution sediment mapping of scallop fishing areas using Canadian sea scallop industry mapping efforts as an example process; identification of nursery and over-wintering habitats of species that are vulnerable to habitat alteration by scallop fishing; and other research that relates to habitats affected by scallop fishing, including, but not limited to, long-term or chronic effects of scallop fishing on marine resource productivity, other ecosystem effects, habitat recovery potential, and fine scale fishing effort in relation to fine scale habitat distribution. In particular, projects that directly support evaluation of present and candidate EFH closures and HAPCs to assess whether these areas are accomplishing their stated purposes and to assist better definition of the complex ecosystem processes that occur in these areas.
- Improved information concerning scallop abundance and evaluation of the distribution, size composition, and density of scallops, including but not limited to: efforts to develop a cooperative industry-based resource survey, high resolution surveys that include distribution, biomass of exploitable size scallops, recruitment, mortality, and growth rate information, research that provides more detailed scallop life history information (especially on age and area specific natural mortality and growth) and to identify stock-recruitment relationships, intensive sampling on both sides of access boundaries for fishing year 2007 and in subsequent years to gauge the short-and long-terms effects of fishing on the resource.
- Scallop and area management research, including but not limited to: evaluation of ways to control predation on scallops; research to actively manage spat collection and seeding of sea scallops; social and economic impacts and consequences of closing areas to enhance productivity and improve yield of sea scallops and other species; and estimation of factors affecting fishing power for each limited access vessel.
- Research projects that would help calibrate the transition of the federal dredge survey, or projects that compare various survey techniques and methods that would assist with the current transition period of the federal scallop dredge survey. <u>(Scallop Survey Advisory Panel is reviewing this text and may offer alternative language for Council to review on April 9)</u>

SSAP recommends that the Council replace the last bullet with the text below and they also recommend that the very first bullet be clarified so that it is understood that "surveys" include (dredge surveys as well as optical and acoustic surveys).

 RESEARCH ON NEW ADVANCED SCALLOP AND MULTIPURPOSE SURVEY TECHNOLOGIES (VIDEO, SONAR, TOWED, AUV, ETC.) AND PROTOCOLS, EITHER IN DEVELOPMENT PHASE OF AS A DEMONSTRATION PROJECT COUPLED AND CALIBRATE WITH THE EXISTING RESOURCE SURVEYS.